

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE IMPORTATION OF BIRDS FROM NEW ZEALAND INTO THE KINGDOM OF THAILAND

- 1) A health certificate in English signed by a full-time veterinary official of the New Zealand stating:-
  - 1.1) number, species, breed, sex and age,
  - 1.2) place of origin of the birds,
  - 1.3) identification marks or distinctive colors,
  - 1.4) names and addresses of the owner/exporter and the consignee,
  - 1.5) certification of condition items (2) to (8).
- 2) New Zealand is free from highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) and Newcastle disease. Vaccination against these diseases is not practiced.
- 3) The birds have been resident in the country of origin for a period of not less than 6 (six) weeks prior to the scheduled date of export or since hatching.
- 4) The birds have been kept on isolation or quarantine under the supervision of an authorized veterinary official for a period of 21 (twenty-one) days prior to shipment.
- 5) During isolation the birds have been tested for avian influenza with negative results using:
  - Either 5.1 a virus isolation test from a cloacal swab or fresh fecal sample
  - or 5.2 a haemagglutination inhibition test (antibody) for H5/H7
  - or 5.3 a PCR (agent detection).

- In case of fowls, ducks, turkeys, pheasants, guinea fowls, partridges and quails, blood samples must be taken from all birds in the consignment not before10 (ten) days during the isolation or quarantine period and subjected to serological tests for Salmonella pullorum, Salmonella gallinarum and Samonella typhimurium antibodies with negative results using test methods or other methods recommended by the Office International des Epizooties (OIE).
- There have been no clinical signs or other evidence of Newcastle disease, fowl cholera, duck virus enteritis, duck virus hepatitis, Marek's disease, avian Infectious laryngotracheitis, *Mycoplasma gallisepticum*, salmonellosis (*Salmonella enteritidis*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Salmonella pullorum* (pullorum disease), *Salmonella gallinarum* (fowl typhoid)), psittacosis/ornithosis, infectious bursal disease, avian infectious bronchitis, avian tuberculosis, including parasitism at the premises of origin during the 90 (ninety) days prior to export.

NOTE: Salmonellosis should be tested negative by bacterial culture.

- 8) The boxes or containers in which the birds are accommodated for export to Thailand should be followed the International Air Transport Association (IATA) specifications, particularly in relation to height, perch space and ventilation, and with adequate access for feeding and watering.
- The birds are subjected to quarantine on arrival at approved premises, for a period of at least 30 (thirty) days during which they shall be submitted to tests and/or treatments deemed necessary. The importer/owner shall be fully charged for the incurred expenses.
- 10) Failure to follow the import procedures may result in returning the birds to the country of origin or destroying without compensation.

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