



REQUIREMENTS FOR THE IMPORTATION OF EQUIDAE SEMEN INTO THE KINGDOM OF THAILAND

- 1) **A health certificate** in English signed by an authorized veterinary official of the government of the exporting country OR endorsed by the said veterinarian in case the certificate was previously acknowledged by a veterinary supervisor of the semen production center, stating :-
 - 1.1) names and addresses of the semen production center and premises of origin,
 - 1.2) number, species and breeds,
 - 1.3) identity of the donor animal,
 - 1.4) date of semen collection,
 - 1.5) indelible identification marking on straws/ampoule of semen,
 - 1.6) means of transport (flight no/vessel name)
 - 1.7) certification of condition items (2) to (11).
- 2) The country of origin has been free from African Horse Sickness, Equine Encephalomyelitis (Eastern, Western and Venezuelan Equine Encephalomyelitis), Glanders and Dourine during the 24 (twenty-four) months prior to the first collection of semen for export and until the date of dispatch of the semen to Thailand.
- 3) The semen to be exported to Thailand must be produced from a semen production center licensed by a veterinary authority of the government of the exporting country and must be under the direct supervision and sanitary control of an authorized veterinary official.
- 4) The donor stallions are reared in the exporting country at least 6 (sixth) month prior the first of semen collection.
- 5) The animals should enter the semen production center only if they are found to be free from clinical signs or other evidence of Vesicular Stomatitis, Rabies, Antrax, Equine Influenza, Equine Piroplasmosis, Equine Arteritis Virus , Contagious Equine Metritis (CEM), Equine Infectious Anemia and Equine rhinopneumonitis during 6 (sixth) months prior to the first collection and until the date of despatch of the semen to Thailand.
- 6) The animals showed no clinical sign of any infectious or contagious disease at the time to entry to the semen production center and the first of semen collection.
- 7) The donor stallions have been kept for 30 days prior the first of semen collection in establishment where no equidae has shown any clinical sign of any infectious or contagious disease during that period and have been subjected to test the following diseases with negative results using test methods recommended by the Terrestrial Animal Health Code and Manual of the OIE:
 - 7.1) Equine Arteritis Virus
 - 7.2) Equine Infectious Anemia
 - 7.3) Contagious Equine Metritis

- 8) The donor stallions must not be naturally mated between isolation period (refer to point 7) and the last semen collection.
- 9) Preservatives and antibiotics including any mycoplasmocidal drugs used in the diluents must be clearly declared.
- 10) The semen must be certified free from contamination pathogenic microorganisms.
- 11) The semen was collected, processed and stored strictly in accordance with the relevant criteria set out in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the OIE.
- 12) Failure to follow the import procedures may result in returning the semen to the country of origin or destroying without compensation.

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THAILAND