IMPORT HEALTH REQUIREMENTS FOR THE KINGDOM OF THAILAND FOR CATTLE EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES

The cattle must be accompanied by U.S. Origin Health Certificate issued by a veterinarian authorized by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and endorsed by a Veterinary Services (VS) veterinarian. The certificate must contain the names and addresses of the consignor/exporter, consignee/importer, premises where the animals were raised, and complete identification of the animals (sex, breed, and age). The certificate must also contain the following certification statements and the dates and results of the indicated testing.

CERTIFICATION STATEMENTS:

- 1. The United States is free of foot and mouth disease, rinderpest, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, east coast fever, theileriosis, trypanosomiasis, bluetongue serovar 8, bovine babesiosis and Rift Valley fever.
- 2. The United States is recognized by the World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) as a country with controlled or negligible risk for bovine spongiform encephalitis (BSE).
- 3. The herd of origin has not had a reported outbreak or had confirmed diagnosis with brucellosis, tuberculosis, bovine malignant catarrhal fever, Johne's disease, bovine ephemeral fever, vesicular stomatitis, bluetongue, anaplasmosis, babesiosis, leptospirosis, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (IBR), bovine viral diarrhea/mucosal disease (BVD/MD), mycoplasmosis, enzootic bovine leukosis, *Campylobacter fetus, Trichomoniasis foetus*, or Q-fever for the 12 months prior to export.
- 4. The animals were isolated, under the supervision of a USDA accredited veterinarian, for at least 30 days immediately prior to export.
- 5. The animals were inspected prior to export and found to be healthy and free from clinical evidence of communicable diseases.
- Within the quarantine prior to export, the animals were inspected and treated for internal and external parasites with a USDA approved product, listed on the health certificate.
- 7. Within 30 days prior to export, the animals were vaccinated (or given a booster) on the farm or during quarantine according to manufactures recommendations for the following diseases: infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (IBR), bovine viral diarrhea (BVD), para-influenza, clostridial diseases, and leptospirosis.

TEST REQUIREMENTS:

The cattle must test negative to the following diseases during the USDA-approved export isolation, using testing or treatment methods listed or others recommended by the World Organization for Animal Health (OIE).

1. Tuberculosis: Intradermal test using bovine PPD tuberculin.

2. Brucellosis: Complement fixation test at a 1:10 dilution **OR** buffered *Brucella*

antigen test (e.g., card test) **OR** ELISA or standard tube **OR** plate

agglutination test at a 1:50 dilution.

3. Enzootic bovine leukosis: AGID **OR** ELISA

4. Johne's disease: CFT **OR** ELISA **OR** AGID **OR** fecal culture **OR** vaccination

5. Campylobacter and Trichomoniasis: microscopic exam of swab

Note: testing is only required for animals used for natural mating, otherwise a

certification statement of virgin animals should be made.

6. Bluetongue: PCR **OR** VN **OR** Agent Identification **OR** ELISA

7. Anaplasmosis: Negative blood smear **OR** Agg. card **OR** IFA

OTHER INFORMATION:

- 1. All equipment, containers, and vehicles used for transportation of animals for export shall be cleaned and disinfected with a USDA-approved disinfectant.
- 2. The accommodations provided for the animals during shipping are designed to avoid risk of injury and unnecessary suffering, in compliance with relevant USDA regulations.
- 3. Ruminants, other animals not similar health status, animal feed or fodder is not allowed to be taken on board the ship/aircraft after it has left the United States.
- 4. The ship/aircraft or other vehicles carrying the exported animals, may only call at approved intermediate ports after leaving the United States. While in transit, the animals must not come in contact with other animals not of similar health status. Unloading or movement of the animals may only take place under the approval and supervision of a veterinary authority of the transit country.

ADDITONAL INFORMATION FROM THAILAND:

- 1. The animals are subjected to quarantine at approved premises for a period of not less than 30 days upon arrival during which they shall be submitted to tests and/or treatments deemed necessary. The import/owner shall be fully charged for the incurred expense.
- 2. Failure to follow the import procedures may result in returning the animals or destroying with compensation.
- 3. The pedigree shall accompany the imported animal, for breeding purposes.

EXPORT CERTIFICATION:

At the port of embarkation, a VS port veterinarian must attach to the U.S. Origin Health Certificate a completed VS Form 17-37, Certificate of Inspection of Export Animals, showing:

- a. The name and address of the consignor.
- b. The name and address of the consignee.
- c. The number and species of animals to be shipped.
- d. A statement that the animals have been given a careful veterinary inspection at the port of embarkation and found free of evidence of communicable disease and exposure thereto within 24 hours of exportation.

U.S. ORIGIN HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR EXPORT OF CATTLE TO THE KINGODOM OF THAILAND FROM THE UNITED STATES

I. MINISTRY: United States Department of Agriculture								
I. AGENCY: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service								
III. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNOR:								
IV. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CATTLE FACILITY:								
V. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONSIGNEE:								
VI. TOTAL NUMBER OF CATTLE IN SHIPMENT:								
VII. ANIMAL IDENTIFCATION: attached in chart								

VIII. CERTIFICATION STATEMENTS:

- 1. The United States is free of foot and mouth disease, rinderpest and contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, east coast fever, theileriosis, trypanosomiasis, bluetongue serovar 8, bovine babesiosis and Rift Valley fever.
- 2. The United States is recognized by the World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) as a country with controlled or negligible risk for bovine spongiform encephalitis (BSE).
- 3. The herd of origin has not had a reported outbreak or been diagnosed with brucellosis, tuberculosis, bovine malignant catarrhal fever, Johne's disease, bovine ephemeral fever, vesicular stomatitis, bluetongue, anaplasmosis, babesiosis, leptospirosis, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (IBR), bovine viral diarrhea/mucosal disease (BVD/MD), mycoplasmosis, enzootic bovine leukosis, *Campylobacter fetus*, *Trichomoniasis foetus*, or Q-fever for the 12 months prior to export.
- 4. The animals were isolated, under the supervision of a USDA accredited veterinarian, for at least 30 days immediately prior to export.
- 5. The animals were inspected prior to export and found to be healthy and free from clinical evidence of communicable diseases.
- 6. Within the quarantine prior to export, the animals were inspected and treated for internal and external parasites with a USDA approved product, listed on the health certificate on ______(date) with ______(name of the product).
- 7. Within 30 days prior to export, the animals were vaccinated (or given a booster) on the farm or during quarantine according to manufactures recommendations for the following diseases: infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (IBR), bovine viral diarrhea (BVD), para-influenza, clostridial diseases, and leptospirosis.

 List vaccination date and type.

IX. TEST REQUIREMENTS:

The cattle must test negative to the following diseases during the USDA-approved export isolation, using testing or treatment methods listed or others recommended by the World Organization for Animal Health (OIE).

- ** Mark through any statement or testing option not applicable or add as applicable. **
- 1. Tuberculosis: Intradermal test using bovine PPD tuberculin.

Health Certificate No.______(Valid only if the USDA Veterinary Seal appears over the Certificate No.)

2. Brucellosis: Complement fixation test at a 1:10 dilution **OR** buffered *Brucella*

antigen test (e.g., card test) $\underline{\mathbf{OR}}$ ELISA or standard tube $\underline{\mathbf{OR}}$ plate

agglutination test at a 1:50 dilution.

3. Enzootic bovine leukosis: AGID **OR** ELISA

4. Johne's disease: CFT **OR** ELISA **OR** AGID **OR** fecal culture **OR** vaccination

- 5. Campylobacter and Trichomoniasis: direct microscopic exam of genital smear *Note: testing is only required for animals used for natural mating, otherwise a certification statement of virgin animals should be made.*
- 6. Bluetongue: PCR <u>OR</u> VN <u>OR</u> Agent Identification <u>OR</u> ELISA
- 7. Anaplasmosis: Negative blood smear **OR** Agg. card **OR** IFA

X. OTHER INFORMATION:

- 1. All equipment, containers, and vehicles used for transportation of animals for export shall be cleaned and disinfected with a USDA-approved disinfectant.
- 2. The accommodations provided for the animals during shipping are designed to avoid risk of injury and unnecessary suffering, in compliance with relevant USDA regulations.
- 3. Ruminants, other animals not similar health status, animal feed or fodder is not allowed to be taken on board the ship/aircraft after it has left the United States.
- 4. The ship/aircraft or other vehicles carrying the exported animals, may only call at approved intermediate ports after leaving the United States. While in transit, the animals must not come in contact with other animals not of similar health status. Unloading or movement of the animals may only take place under the approval and supervision of a veterinary authority of the transit country.

Name of Issuing Authorized Veterinarian	Name of Endorsing Federal Veterinarian
Signature of Issuing Authorized Veterinarian	Signature of Endorsing Federal Veterinarian
Date	Date

Health Certificate No.______(Valid only if the USDA Veterinary Seal appears over the Certificate No.)

Attachment

Animal Identification	Breed	Sex	Age	Tuberculosis	Brucellosis	EBL	Johne's	Bluetongue	Anaplasmosis	Campylobacter and Trichomoniasis*

Additional rows may be added as needed. Testing method and results to be included.

^{*} Row may be deleted if testing is not required because certification of virgin animal is made.